

Tailgate/Toolbox Safety Training Safety Services Company-Safety Meeting Division, PO Box 6408 Yuma, AZ 85366-6408 Toll Free (866) 204-4786



Company Name:		Job Site Location:	
		Finish Time: Foreman/S	
Introduction: An old proverb in the building trades states that "A craftsman is only as good as his tools." This is true. Every competent tradesman, regardless of his field, must possess an extensive hand tool collection. Hand tools in disrepair are a hazard to the person using them and to others nearby. A workman's hand tools must be maintained in good repair in order to ensure safety for the user and to assure the quality of the work. OSHA regulations state that "Employers shall not issue or permit the use of unsafe hand tools." Following are recommended practices for general hand tool safety: General Tools: Always wear Personal Protective Equipment that is appropriate for the hand tool being used.			
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Never use a tool if its handle has splinters, burrs, cracks, splits or if the head of the tool is loose. Do not use impact tools such as hammers, chisels, punches or steel stakes that have mushroomed heads. When handing a tool to another person, direct sharp points and cutting edges down and away from yourself and the other person. Carry all sharp tools in a sheath or holster. Do not carry sharp or pointed hand tools such as screwdrivers, scribes, snips, scrapers, chisels or files in your pocket unless the tool is sheathed. Transport hand tools only in toolboxes or tool belts. Use tied off containers to keep tools from falling off of scaffolds and other elevated work platforms. Avoid carrying tools in your hand when you are climbing. Carry tools in tool belts or hoist the tools to the work area using a hand line.		
	 Hammers: Do not use a hammer if your hands are oily, greasy of Never strike another hardened such as a cold chisel, with a cl 	or wet. I steel tool or surface,	Avoid striking nails or other objects with the "cheek" of the hammer. Do not strike one hammer against another hammer. Never use a hammer as a wedge or a pry bar.
e e e		e point of cut when using any saw. crewdriver greasy.	
	blade to fit the head of the screwdrive Never hold the work-piece aga body while using a screwdrive Avoid putting your fingers near screwdriver when tightening a	ew. ainst your er. ar the blade of the	using a hammer or pliers on it. Never use a screwdriver as a punch, chisel, pry bar, or nail puller. When performing electrical work, ensure the screwdriver has a properly insulated handle.
∅	Do not use a shim to make a wrench fi Pliers: Do not use pliers that Never use pliers as a wrench of Do not attempt to force pliers a hammer on them.	are cracked, broken or sprung. or a hammer. by using	When you are performing electrical work, use pliers that have properly insulated handles. When using diagonal cutting pliers, shield the loose pieces of cut material from flying into the air.
Conclusion: Having a good collection of the "Tools of the Trade" is important to any craftsman who intends to make a decent living in his chosen field. It is equally important that the hand tools be maintained and used in a manner that ensures safety to the one using the tools and others in the immediate work-zone. Follow these guidelines for safe hand tool practices. Work Site Review			
Specific Work-Site Hazards and Safety Su Employee Signatures:		(My signature attests and verifies my unders	standing of and agreement to comply with, all company safety policies ed, experienced, or sustained any recent, job-related injury or illness.)

Foreman/Supervisor's Signature: